

JAXA Earth Observations Addressing Water Issues

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Water related disasters in Asia Pacific Region / Earth Observation Satellite



Advantages of Earth Observation Satellite



Wide Coverage
Globally Consistent
Borderless
Not affected by disasters







Assessing the disaster situation by "DAICHI-2" (ALOS-2) observation





Inundated area around the Kuma river (July 2020)

Photo by Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, Kyusyu Regional Development Bureau Contribution to Disaster Risk Reduction & Water Resource Management: Global Satellite Mapping of Precipitation (GSMaP)



GSMaP c aptures the Typhoon Rai passage from the east of the Philippine Sea to the westward.



Precipitation from December 13 to 20, 2021 based on GSMaP

yphoon Track

2021-12-15

Short-term and Long-term GSMaP Applications for disaster prevention



- Cyclone/Heavy rainfall monitoring as supplement to ground-based observations
- GSMaP utilization trainings for Asia pacific regions



- Drought monitoring by JAXA Climate Rainfall Watch
- https://sharaku.eorc.jaxa.jp/GSMaP_CLM/



- Contribution to the WMO's Space-based Weather and Climate Extremes Monitoring (SWCEM)
- Agro-met monitoring by JAxa's Satellite based MonItoring Network system for FAO AMIS Market Monitor (JASMIN)

https://suzaku.eorc.jaxa.jp/JASMIN/index.html

- Rice Growth Outlook for ASEAN countries is provided monthly to contribute to food security





Ground observations



Satellite precipitation (GSMaP)



Partners



Rainfall over the river basin

during flood in Pakistan



River discharge using GSMaP

by Integrated Flood Analysis System (IFAS)



(Images provided by ICHARM)

Global Terrestrial Hydrological Simulation System: Today's Earth





Future Earth Observation Missions in JAXA





Thank you for your attention.